

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 24-November-2009 Revision Date 30-January-2018 Revision Number 4

1. Identification

Product Name Acetonitrile with 0,1% (v/v) Formic acid

Cat No.: LS120-1; LS120-4; LS120-212; LS120-500

Synonyms No information available

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Importer/Distributor Fisher Scientific 112 Colonnade Road, Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6,

Canada

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Manufacturer

Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids
Category 2
Acute oral toxicity
Category 4
Acute dermal toxicity
Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity
Category 4
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Category 2

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled Causes serious eye irritation



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharges

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	>99.9
Formic acid	64-18-6	0.1

4. First-aid measures

General Advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye ContactRinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

InhalationMove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the

substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If

not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects

Breathing difficulties. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like

headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed

containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

No information available

Flash Point

6 °C / 42.8 °F

Method -

No information available

Autoignition Temperature

524 °C / 975.2 °F

Explosion Limits

16.00 vol % Upper 4.4 vol % Lower

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid) Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
2	3	0	N/A

Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

Environmental Precautions

Methods for Containment and Clean Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Use

spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Up

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat

and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta		Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
		Columbia					
Acetonitrile	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 40 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	(Vacated) TWA:	IDLH: 500 ppm
	TWA: 34 mg/m ³	Skin	Skin	TWA: 67 mg/m ³	Skin	40 ppm	IDLH: 25 mg/m ³
				STEL: 60 ppm		(Vacated) TWA:	TWA: 20 ppm
				STEL: 101		70 mg/m ³	TWA: 34 mg/m ³
				mg/m³		(Vacated) TWA:	
				Ceiling: 10 ppm		` 5 mg/m³	
				Ceiling: 11		(Vacated) STEL:	
				mg/m³		` 60 ppm	
				Skin		(Vacated) STEL:	
						105 mg/m ³	
						TWA: 40 ppm	
						TWA: 70 mg/m ³	
Formic acid	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	(Vacated) TWA:	IDLH: 30 ppm
	TWA: 9.4 mg/m ³	STEL: 10 ppm	STEL: 10 ppm	TWA: 9.4 mg/m ³	STEL: 10 ppm	5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm
	STEL: 10 ppm			STEL: 10 ppm		(Vacated) TWA:	TWA: 9 mg/m ³
	STEL: 19 mg/m ³			STEL: 19 mg/m ³) 9 mg/m ³	
						TWA: 5 ppm	
						TWA: 9 mg/m ³	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles

Hand Protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm	As tested under EN374-3
-			Determination of Resistance to
			Permeation by Chemicals

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceClearOdoraromatic

Odor Threshold
pH

No information available
No information available

Melting Point/Range

Boiling Point/Range

Flash Point

Flash Point

Flash Point

No data available

No information available

6 °C / 42.8 °F

Evaporation Rate

No information available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

 Upper
 16.00 vol %

 Lower
 4.4 vol %

Vapor PressureNo information availableVapor DensityNo information available

Specific Gravity 0.7810

Solubility
Miscible with water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water
Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
Viscosity
Miscible with water
No data available
524 °C / 975.2 °F
No information available
No information available

Molecular Formula C2 H3 N Molecular Weight 41.05

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from open flames, hot

surfaces and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Reducing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO),

Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

 Oral LD50
 Category 4. ATE = 300 - 2000 mg/kg.

 Dermal LD50
 Category 4. ATE = 1000 - 2000 mg/kg.

 Vapor LC50
 Category 4. ATE = 10 - 20 mg/l.

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	
Acetonitrile	ATE = 617 mg/kg	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	ATE = 3587 ppm	

	450-787 mg/kg (Rat) 2460 mg/kg (Rat)		7551 ppm (Rat)8 h
Formic acid	LD50 = 1100 mg/kg (Rat)	Not listed	LC50 = 15 g/m ³ (Rat) 15 min

Toxicologically Synergistic

No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritating to eyes Irritation

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Not listed				
Formic acid	64-18-6	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Acetonitrile	Not listed	LC50: = 1650 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50: 1600 - 1690 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 1000 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 1850 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50 = 28000 mg/L 48 h EC50 = 73 mg/L 24 h EC50 = 7500 mg/L 15 h	EC50: = 5838 mg/L, 18h (Daphnia pulex)
Formic acid	EC50 = 25 mg/L/96h	Leuciscus idus: LC50 = 46-100 mg/L/96h	EC50 = 46.7 mg/L/17h	EC50 = 34 mg/L/48h

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Acetonitrile	-0.34
Formic acid	-0.54

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Acetonitrile - 75-05-8	U003	-
Formic acid - 64-18-6	U123	-

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE SOLUTION

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

TDG

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE SOLUTION

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE SOLUTION

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE SOLUTION

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group ||

15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

International Inventories

Component	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Acetonitrile	Х	-	Х	200-835-2	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Formic acid	Х	-	Х	200-579-1	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
Acetonitrile	Part 1, Group A Substance		
Formic acid	Part 1, Group A Substance		

Legend NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

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Revision SummaryThis document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align

with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS