

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 26-January-2010

Revision Date 17-January-2018

Revision Number 5

### 1. Identification

**Product Name** Heptane  
**Cat No. :** H360-1; H360-4  
**Synonyms** Normal heptane.; Heptane  
**Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals.  
**Uses advised against** Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

##### Company

**Importer/Distributor**  
Fisher Scientific  
112 Colonnade Road,  
Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6,  
Canada  
Tel: 1-800-234-7437

##### **Manufacturer**

Fisher Scientific  
One Reagent Lane  
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410  
Tel: (201) 796-7100

#### **Emergency Telephone Number**

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300  
CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

### 2. Hazard(s) identification

#### Classification

**WHMIS 2015 Classification** Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

<b>Flammable liquids</b>	Category 2
<b>Skin Corrosion/irritation</b>	Category 2
<b>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</b>	Category 3
Target Organs - Central nervous system (CNS).	
<b>Aspiration Toxicity</b>	Category 1

#### Label Elements

##### **Signal Word**

Danger

##### **Hazard Statements**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
Causes skin irritation  
May cause drowsiness and dizziness

**Precautionary Statements****Prevention**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking  
 Keep container tightly closed  
 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment  
 Use only non-sparking tools  
 Take precautionary measures against static discharges  
 Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray  
 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling  
 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area  
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

**Response**

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor  
 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower  
 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing  
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell  
 Do NOT induce vomiting  
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse  
 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

**Storage**

Store locked up  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

**Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

**Other Hazards**

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
n-Heptane	142-82-5	>99
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	0 - 0.2
Isooctane	26635-64-3	0 - 0.1
Dimethylcyclopentane	28729-52-4	0 - 0.1

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>General Advice</b>	If symptoms persist, call a physician.
<b>Eye Contact</b>	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Move to fresh air. Obtain medical attention. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Risk of serious damage to the lungs.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. If vomiting

occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

<b>Most important symptoms/effects</b>	Breathing difficulties. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting
<b>Notes to Physician</b>	Treat symptomatically

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable Extinguishing Media</b>	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
<b>Unsuitable Extinguishing Media</b>	Water may be ineffective
<b>Flash Point</b>	-4 °C / 24.8 °F
<b>Method -</b>	No information available
<b>Autoignition Temperature</b>	215 °C / 419 °F
<b>Explosion Limits</b>	
<b>Upper</b>	6.7 vol %
<b>Lower</b>	1.05 vol %
<b>Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact</b>	No information available
<b>Sensitivity to Static Discharge</b>	No information available

### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

### Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

### Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

### NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
3	3	0	N/A

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal Precautions</b>	Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
<b>Environmental Precautions</b>	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
<b>Methods for Containment and Clean Up</b>	Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

## 7. Handling and storage

<b>Handling</b>	Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use explosion-proof equipment.
<b>Storage</b>	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

## 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

### Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
n-Heptane	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 1640 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 2050 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 400 ppm STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 1640 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 2050 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 400 ppm STEL: 500 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 400 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 1600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Vacated) STEL: 500 ppm (Vacated) STEL: 2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 750 ppm TWA: 85 ppm TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Ceiling: 440 ppm Ceiling: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Methylcyclohexane	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 1610 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 1610 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 400 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 400 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 1600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 1200 ppm TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 1600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Isooctane	TWA: 300 ppm TWA: 1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 300 ppm			TWA: 300 ppm		

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

### Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

### Personal protective equipment

#### Eye Protection

Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

#### Hand Protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber Viton (R)	See manufacturers recommendations	-	Splash protection only

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

#### Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

**Recommended Filter type:** Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

### **Environmental exposure controls**

Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical State</b>	Liquid
<b>Appearance</b>	Colorless
<b>Odor</b>	Petroleum distillates
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	No information available
<b>pH</b>	No information available
<b>Melting Point/Range</b>	-91 °C / -131.8 °F
<b>Boiling Point/Range</b>	98 °C / 208.4 °F
<b>Flash Point</b>	-4 °C / 24.8 °F
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	2.8 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)
<b>Flammability (solid,gas)</b>	Not applicable
<b>Flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Upper</b>	6.7 vol %
<b>Lower</b>	1.05 vol %
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	48 mbar @ 20 °C
<b>Vapor Density</b>	3.5 (Air = 1.0)
<b>Specific Gravity</b>	0.683
<b>Solubility</b>	Insoluble in water
<b>Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water</b>	No data available
<b>Autoignition Temperature</b>	215 °C / 419 °F
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	No information available
<b>Viscosity</b>	0.4 mPa s at 20 °C
<b>Molecular Formula</b>	C7 H16
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	100.20

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactive Hazard</b>	None known, based on information available
<b>Stability</b>	Stable under normal conditions.
<b>Conditions to Avoid</b>	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
<b>Incompatible Materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Products</b>	Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )
<b>Hazardous Polymerization</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
<b>Hazardous Reactions</b>	None under normal processing.

## 11. Toxicological information

### **Acute Toxicity**

#### **Product Information**

#### **Component Information**

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
n-Heptane	>2000 mg/kg (rat)	LD50 = 3000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	LC50 = 103 g/m <sup>3</sup> ( Rat ) 4 h

Methylcyclohexane	LD50 > 3200 mg/kg ( Rat )	LD50 > 86700 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	Not listed
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**Toxicologically Synergistic Products** No information available

**Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**

**Irritation** Irritating to eyes and skin

**Sensitization** No information available

**Carcinogenicity** The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
n-Heptane	142-82-5	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Isooctane	26635-64-3	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Dimethylcyclopentane	28729-52-4	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

**Mutagenic Effects** No information available

**Reproductive Effects** No information available.

**Developmental Effects** No information available.

**Teratogenicity** No information available.

**STOT - single exposure** Central nervous system (CNS)

**STOT - repeated exposure** None known

**Aspiration hazard** No information available

**Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed** Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** No information available

**Other Adverse Effects** The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

## 12. Ecological information

### Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
n-Heptane	Not listed	LC50: = 375.0 mg/L, 96h (Cichlid fish)	Not listed	EC50: >10 mg/L/24h

**Persistence and Degradability** May persist

**Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation** No information available.

**Mobility** Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Component	log Pow
n-Heptane	4.66

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Waste Disposal Methods** Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and

national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

## 14. Transport information

### DOT

UN-No UN1206  
 Proper Shipping Name HEPTANES  
 Hazard Class 3  
 Packing Group II

### TDG

UN-No UN1206  
 Proper Shipping Name HEPTANES  
 Hazard Class 3  
 Packing Group II

### IATA

UN-No UN1206  
 Proper Shipping Name Heptanes  
 Hazard Class 3  
 Packing Group II

### IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1206  
 Proper Shipping Name Heptanes  
 Hazard Class 3  
 Packing Group II

## 15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

### International Inventories

Component	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
n-Heptane	X	-	X	205-563-8	-		X	X	X	X	X
Methylcyclohexane	X	-	X	203-624-3	-		X	X	X	X	X
Isooctane	-	X	X	247-861-0	-		X	X	-	X	X
Dimethylcyclopentane	-	-	-	249-193-5	-		-	-	-	X	-

### Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

## 16. Other information

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 Thermo Fisher Scientific  
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 Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other

materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of SDS**