

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 06-November-2009

Revision Date 19-December-2025

Revision Number 9

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of: Canada WHMIS 2015 which includes the amended Hazardous Products Act (HPA) and the Hazardous Products Regulation (HPR) - SOR 2022-272

## 1. Identification

**Product Name** Petroleum ether, boiling range 40-60°C

**Cat No. :** AC326720000; AC326720010; AC326720025

**CAS-No** 64742-49-0  
**Synonyms** Ligroïne

**Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals.  
**Uses advised against** Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Company

**Importer/Distributor**  
Fisher Scientific  
112 Colonnade Road,  
Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6,  
Canada  
Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Acros Organics  
One Reagent Lane  
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

**Manufacturer**  
Fisher Scientific Company  
One Reagent Lane  
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410  
Tel: (201) 796-7100

#### **Emergency Telephone Number**

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11  
Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99  
**CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

### Classification

#### **WHMIS 2015 Classification**

This product is hazardous in accordance with the Canada Hazardous Products Act (HPA) and Hazardous Products Regulation (HPR), as amended (SOR/2022-272)

<b>Flammable liquids</b>	Category 2
<b>Skin Corrosion/Irritation</b>	Category 2
<b>Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation</b>	Category 2
<b>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</b>	Category 3
Target Organs - Central nervous system (CNS).	
<b>Aspiration Toxicity</b>	Category 1

### Label Elements

**Signal Word**  
Danger

**Hazard Statements**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor  
Causes serious eye irritation  
May cause drowsiness and dizziness  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
Causes skin irritation

**Precautionary Statements****Prevention**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking  
Keep container tightly closed  
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray  
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area  
Ground and bond container and receiving equipment  
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment  
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling  
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection  
Use non-sparking tools  
Take action to prevent static discharges

**Response**

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor  
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower  
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell  
Do NOT induce vomiting  
In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish  
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

**Storage**

Store locked up  
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

**Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

**Other Hazards**

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	<100
Hexane	110-54-3	-

### 4. First-aid measures

**General Advice**

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Eye Contact**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

<b>Skin Contact</b>	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration).
<b>Ingestion</b>	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects</b>	Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting
<b>Notes to Physician</b>	Treat symptomatically

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable Extinguishing Media</b>	CO <sub>2</sub> , dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.
<b>Unsuitable Extinguishing Media</b>	Water may be ineffective, Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire
<b>Flash Point</b>	-45 °C / -49 °F
<b>Method -</b>	No information available
<b>Autoignition Temperature</b>	230 °C / 446 °F
<b>Explosion Limits</b>	
<b>Upper</b>	No data available
<b>Lower</b>	No data available
<b>Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact</b>	No information available
<b>Sensitivity to Static Discharge</b>	No information available

### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

### Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

### Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

### NFPA

<b>Health</b>	<b>Flammability</b>	<b>Instability</b>	<b>Physical hazards</b>
3	3	0	N/A

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal Precautions</b>	Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
<b>Environmental Precautions</b>	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.
<b>Methods for Containment and Clean Up</b>	Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

## 7. Handling and storage

<b>Handling</b>	Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
<b>Storage.</b>	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Incompatible Materials. Strong oxidizing agents.

## 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

<b>Exposure Guidelines</b>	This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.
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Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec
Hexane	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 176 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin	TWA: 20 ppm Skin	TWA: 50 ppm Skin	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 176 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin

Component	Manitoba	New Brunswick	Newfoundland and Labrador	Nova Scotia
Hexane	TWA: 50 ppm Skin	TWA: 50 ppm Skin	TWA: 50 ppm Skin	TWA: 50 ppm Skin

Component	Nunavut	Prince Edward Island	Saskatchewan	Yukon
Hexane	TWA: 50 ppm STEL: 62.5 ppm Skin	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm STEL: 62.5 ppm Skin	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 360 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 125 ppm STEL: 450 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH
Hexane 110-54-3 (-)	TWA: 50 ppm Skin	(Vacated) TWA: 50 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 180 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 1100 ppm REL = 50 ppm (TWA) REL = 180 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (TWA)

### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

<b>Engineering Measures</b>	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source
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### Personal protective equipment

<b>Eye Protection</b>	Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.
<b>Hand Protection</b>	Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber Viton (R)	See manufacturers recommendations	-	Splash protection only

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

#### Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

**Recommended Filter type:** low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

#### Environmental exposure controls

Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

#### Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

##### Physical State

Liquid

##### Color

Colorless

##### Odor

Petroleum distillates

##### Odor Threshold

No information available

##### Property

##### Values

##### Remarks

##### • Method

##### Melting Point/Range

No data available

##### Softening Point

No data available

##### Boiling Point/Range

40 - 70 °C / 104 - 158 °F

##### Flash Point

-45 °C / -49 °F

**Method -** No information available

##### Flammability (liquid)

Highly flammable

On basis of test data

##### Flammability (solid,gas)

Not applicable

Liquid

##### Explosion Limits

**Lower** 1 vol%

**Upper** 7.4 vol%

##### Autoignition Temperature

230 °C / 446 °F

##### Decomposition Temperature

No data available

##### pH

No information available

##### Viscosity

0.45 mm<sup>2</sup>/s at 25 °C (ASTM D445)

##### Water Solubility

Insoluble

##### Solubility in other solvents

No information available

##### Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

##### Component

##### log Pow

Hexane

4.11

##### Vapor Pressure

250 hPa @ 250 °C

##### Density / Specific Gravity

0.65

##### Bulk Density

Not applicable

Liquid

##### Vapor Density

>1 @ 101 kPa

(Air = 1.0)

##### Particle characteristics

(liquid) Not applicable

#### Other Information

##### Explosive Properties

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

##### Evaporation Rate

13 (Butyl acetate = 1.0)

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactive Hazard</b>	None known, based on information available
<b>Stability</b>	Stable under normal conditions.
<b>Conditions to Avoid</b>	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
<b>Incompatible Materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Products</b>	Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )
<b>Hazardous Polymerization</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
<b>Hazardous Reactions</b>	None under normal processing.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on expected route of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	Avoid breathing vapors or mists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May be harmful if swallowed. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed.
<b>Eyes</b>	Avoid contact with eyes. May cause irritation.
<b>Skin</b>	Avoid contact with skin. May cause irritation. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.

### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg ( Rat )	LD50 > 3160 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	LC50 = 73680 ppm ( Rat ) 4 h
Hexane	LD50 = 25 g/kg ( Rat )	LD50 = 3000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	LC50 = 48000 ppm ( Rat ) 4 h

<b>Toxicologically Synergistic Products</b>	No information available
<b>(b) skin corrosion/irritation;</b>	Category 2
<b>(c) serious eye damage/irritation;</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;</b>	
<b>Respiratory</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>Skin</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>(e) germ cell mutagenicity;</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>(f) carcinogenicity;</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen. The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if the full refining history is known and it can be shown that the substance from which it is produced is not a carcinogen. This note applies only to certain complex oil derived substances in Annex I

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

Hexane	110-54-3	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
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**(g) reproductive toxicity;** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Reproductive Effects** California Proposition 65. Product is or contains a chemical which is a known or suspected reproductive hazard.

**(h) STOT-single exposure;** Category 3

**Results / Target organs** Central nervous system (CNS).

**(i) STOT-repeated exposure;** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Target Organs** None known.

**(j) aspiration hazard;** Category 1

**Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed** Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

**Other Adverse Effects** The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## 12. Ecological information

### Ecotoxicity

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	Not listed	LC50: = 8.41 mg/L, 96h semi-static, closed (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	Not listed	Not listed
Hexane	Not listed	LC50: 2.1 - 2.98 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	Not listed	EC50: 3.87 mg/L/48h

**Persistence and Degradability** Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

**Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation** No information available.

**Mobility** Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

Component	log Pow
Hexane	4.11

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Waste Disposal Methods** Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

## 14. Transport information

### DOT

UN-No

UN1268

<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.
<b>Hazard Class</b>	3
<b>Packing Group</b>	II
<b>TDG</b>	
<b>UN-No</b>	UN1268
<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.
<b>Hazard Class</b>	3
<b>Packing Group</b>	II
<b>IATA</b>	
<b>UN-No</b>	UN1268
<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.
<b>Hazard Class</b>	3
<b>Packing Group</b>	II
<b>IMDG/IMO</b>	
<b>UN-No</b>	UN1268
<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.
<b>Hazard Class</b>	3
<b>Packing Group</b>	II

## 15. Regulatory information

### International Inventories

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	X	-	X	ACTIVE	265-151-9	-	-
Hexane	110-54-3	X	-	X	ACTIVE	203-777-6	438-390-3	-

Component	CAS-No	IECSC	KECL	ENCS	ISHL	TCSI	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	X	KE-25623	-	-	X	X	X	X
Hexane	110-54-3	X	KE-18626	X	X	X	X	X	X

#### Legend:

X - Listed '-' - Not listed

**KECL** - NIER number or KE number (<http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do>)

**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

**AICS** - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

### Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and its amendments and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the revised Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
Hexane	Part 1, Group A Substance Part 5, Individual Substances Part 4 Substance		Subject to Monitoring and Surveillance Activities

### Other International Regulations

### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH



Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	-	Use restricted. See entry 28. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See entry 29. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Hexane	-	Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

**REACH links**

<https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach>

**Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?**

Not applicable

**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Component	CAS-No	OECD HPV	Persistent Organic Pollutant	Ozone Depletion Potential	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Hexane	110-54-3	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Component	CAS-No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	2500 tonne	25000 tonne	Not applicable	Not applicable
Hexane	110-54-3	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Annex I - Y42

## 16. Other information

**Prepared By**

Product stewardship (Regulatory Affairs)  
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**Creation Date**

06-November-2009

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**Revision Summary**

This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 which includes the amended Hazardous Products Act (HPA) and the Hazardous Products Regulation (HPR) to align with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) (V7/8) for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

**Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of SDS**